



Peering in New Zealand

NZNOG 2005

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Plan of Attack

- Dredge through the archives of the NZNOG mailing list
- Scrape as many press releases as I can for dates and buzzwords
- Get drunk with as many network people as I can while in New Zealand, and make them tell me all their secrets

Plan B

- Acquire fan, retire to cell block D
- Borrow money to buy L&P from machine
- Stay up until 2am doing everything possible to avoid making any slides
- Play Woody's iTunes library a few times
- Stare out of the window

Revised Approach

- Roughly chronological series of peering-related events from 1989 to the present
- culled from MED's list of notable events in telecommunications, the NZNOG archives
- augmented slightly by memory for the bits that I was here for

Warning!

- I once worked for a telco
- I subsequently did work for another telco
- I never had any special insight into the third telco
- (note to recent immigrants and young children: once there were three telcos)

Audience Participation

- The Revised Plan requires you to shout and throw things and generally complain at anything you disagree with
- This will get us in the right kind of mood to assess contemporary peering developments as the morning progresses

1989

- Actrix
- TUIA Net
- Satellite link between the University of Waikato and Hawaii

1989

- Little concept of “peering”. ISPs and Universities “connect to Waikato” in order to access the Internet.
- Routers, switches and associated baggage are commonly operated by Waikato ITS staff, who generally know more about them than the telcos

1989

- Telecoms Deregulation
- CLEAR Communications Limited incorporated in 1990

1989-1996

- Telecom delivers international capacity to the University of Waikato
- NZIX appears; ethernet switch across which routes are exchanged using IGP
- CLEAR delivers two 512k circuits to Hamilton, terminated in wonderful, state-of-the-art cisco 4500 routers

| 1989-1996

- Routes are exchanged at the NZIX using a variety of protocols
 - RIP, RIPv2, OSPF
 - various cisco protocols that shall not be named
- very little BGP

1989-1996

- Pronet formed as a cooperative between several ISPs (Manawatu, Actrix, Iprolink, others?)
- Deployed as a wholesale network peering at the NZIX and buying transit from Telecom and CLEAR
- ISPs connected to Pronet using frame relay

1989-1996

- IHUG lands PanAmSat carrier in Newton Road, providing an additional path for inbound traffic

1989-1996

- IHUG offers flat-rate dial-up

1996

- Telecom launches Xtra
- Telstra NZ opens for business

1997

- CLEAR launches CLEAR Net
- CLEAR pulls MCI circuits back to Auckland, to avoid tromboning international traffic to Waikato and back
- NZIX's IGP routes are redistributed into BGP in CLEAR's network, tagged for identification, but not filtered

1997

- CLEAR, Telecom, Telstra NZ discuss peering in Auckland
- “AMX” is used as a working title (e.g. see Arron Scott’s early mail to the NZNOG list)
- A triangle of 2M circuits is provisioned between the three telcos as an interim measure

1997

- Saturn opens for business in Wellington

February 1998

- Telecom announces ADSL trial in Wellington
 - predicts roll-out in 1999

July 1998

- Rex Croft pulls 202.7.0.0/23 out of his magic bag of addresses for use on the WIX
- Citylink have been providing connectivity between customers and ISPs for some time, but there has been little organised peering between ISPs before now

1998

- National Library peering over WIX with CLEAR, ICONZ, Netlink, Paradise, Citylink

October 1998

- Simon Blake announces availability of route servers on the WIX

March 1999

- The idea of a neutral peering point in Auckland is discussed on the NZNOG mailing list
- Guided tours of the Sky Tower's comms floors by JDA
- Richard Naylor of Citylink offers to install a cabinet and find a switch

April 1999

- Michael Newbery of Saturn names the peering point “APE” for Auckland Peering Exchange
- There was much rejoicing
- Logos involving King Kong climbing the sky tower swatting at flying routers are suggested, over-excitedly, but never materialise

May 1999

- CLEAR Net, Xtra offer flat-rate dial-up in order to compete with IHUG

1999

- Richard Naylor finds 192.203.154.0/24 down the back of the sofa, and we use it to number peers on the APE

August 1999

- Saturn launch cable modem service in Wellington

August 1999

- IHUG starts to sell calling cards which provide toll calls carried over IP

1999

- Cleaning up the NZIX is discussed, again: there is a general desire to run BGP between peers on the exchange
- Nobody wants to be the first person to throw away the OSPF routes

10 August 1999

- First peering session live on the APE (Plain Communications and CLEAR)
- CLEAR operates a fully open peering policy at the APE, WIX and NZIX

November 1999

- APE switch replaced by new hardware donated by Roger de Salis at Cisco

November 1999

- Telstra NZ live at the APE

February 2000

- Telstra NZ merges with Saturn to form Telstra Saturn
- Telstra Saturn acquires Netlink

February 2000

- Compass launches FreeNet, a free dial-up service

2000

- The Great PacRimEast Bandwidth Squeeze Begins. Both CLEAR and Telecom land IntelSat carriers in order to augment inbound capacity.
- Telstra breaks out an Australia-US DS3 in Auckland and resells transit on it to Telecom and CLEAR (AS 9901)

April 2000

- i4Free is launched
- CLEAR launches ZFree
- Telstra Saturn acquires Paradise

September 2000

- Telstra NZ disconnects from the NZIX

2000

- Xtra celebrates its 300,000th customer
- CLEAR caps ZFree subscribers at 250,000

November 2000

- Southern Cross goes live
 - (well, most of it)

March 2001

- Telstra Saturn launches local service in parts of Christchurch

August 2001

- The last router on the NZIX is turned off
- The NZIX closes

December 2001

- TelstraSaturn acquires CLEAR
- New company named TelstraClear

October 2002

- Wired Country launches network in Auckland

2003

- MCI, Sprint, Asia Netcom sell international transit in Auckland
- Mayoral Drive/Sky Tower
- \$0 last mile

2003

- Woosh offer wireless “broadband” in Auckland, Wellington, Christchurch, Invercargill

November 2004

- TCL announces intention to disconnect from the APE, and stop peering with ISPs
- “Domestic Internet” product launched to provide equivalent functionality, but at non-zero cost

November 2004

- Citylink begin hosting content on addresses that are advertised to peers through the WIX route servers
- Corresponding routes are advertised in the US from servers which provide helpful guidance but no content

November 2004

- PNIX launched
- The PNIX so needs a logo

February 2005

State of the Network

- International transit from Telecom, TCL is substantially more expensive than international transit from Sprint, Asia Netcom, MCI
- WIX, APE both operate as distributed exchanges in their respective cities (WIX more so than APE, perhaps)

State of the Network

- Telecom's official position is that their peering policy is under review
- They don't want to peer with you until their peering policy has been finalised
- but you can be a customer if you want

State of the Network

- TCL seem to be in some indeterminate state of peering/non-peering
 - Schrödinger's Telco
- Chances of anybody saying "yes" to a new peering session seem slim
 - but you can be a customer if you want



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